

Geoparsing Historical Documents

Claire Grover



Overview

Geoparsing

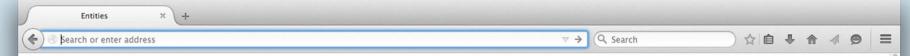
- Geotagging: automatic identification of place names in text (NER)
- Geo-resolution: automatic grounding of place names to lat/long (ambiguity resolution)
- The Edinburgh Geoparser
- Gazetteers

Two projects

- Trading Consequences (Digging into Data II: historical documents)
- Palimpsest (AHRC Big Data: literature)

The Edinburgh Geoparser

- Result of many years of collaboration with EDINA
- Use NER to identify place names in text
- Find matching records in a gazetteer
- Resolve ambiguity using contextual information from the document
- The Edinburgh Geoparser is embedded in EDINA's Unlock Text service
- Also available as stand-alone toolkit



Docdate: 2015-03-18

Leicester prepares for Richard III reburial

Dadlington usually divides its sympathies between the two sides, but for this they are coming out in favour of the deposed king in the Battle of Bosworth Field

Leicester is filling up with yellow road signs, warning of the return of the once and future king: "King Richard III Route Sunday 22 - expect delays".

Many have been wondering how to get hold of them to keep as souvenirs of an extraordinary episode in the history of the city and county, as the final preparations get underway for the 21st century reburial of a medieval king.

It is more than two years since the bones rediscovered by archaeologists under a council car park in the heart of Leicester, were formally identified as those of the last Plantagenet king.

In 1485 the burial by Franciscan friars was unceremonious. In the heat of August, several days after his death at Bosworth, he was buried hastily in a roughly-dug grave slightly too small for his naked body. This time a week of events will surround the reinterment on Thursday 26 in the cathedral – delayed for a year by a legal challenge claiming that he should have been buried in York – including a procession on Sunday through the countryside associated with the last days of the last Plantagenet, led by two knights in armour on horseback.

There will be prayers in the cathedral from two archbishops, Justin Welby and Vincent Nichols; open-air religious services; live television broadcasts to an audience of millions; lectures, art exhibitions and book launches; flower festivals; concerts of medieval music; fireworks and the first ringing of a new peal of bells composed for Richard.

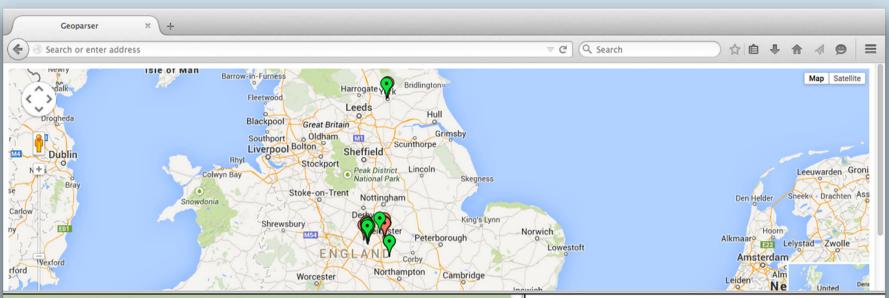
In the cathedral the £2.5m remodelling outside and in is almost complete. Beautiful red sandstone slabs, inset with four small white stone roses, have been laid in the new space created behind the altar, where purple drapes now cover a brick-lined pit ready to receive the coffin. The work disturbed seven previously unrecorded burial vaults, and their dozens of occupants have been reverently gathered up and reburied. The tomb of the Vaughns, a 19th-century vicar and his family, which began to peel off the wall from the vibrations from the work, has been boxed in for safety and will be restored later.

"We're almost there," the Rev Pete Hobson said. "The new altar is due to arrive with just two or three days to spare – when it comes I'll breath more easily."

People are coming from all over the world not just for the cathedral, where every seat could have been filled a hundred times, but to myriad events in the small villages and towns usually bypassed by tourists: they include a Last Plantagenet Dinner at the Red Lion in Market Bosworth, where school children have made half a mile of bunting and the medieval costumes have arrived for all the staff of Chocol8s sweet shop selling shields ornamented with white chocolate roses.

In the village of Sutton Cheney representatives of the local council, the highways authority, the cathedral, villagers, the vicar and churchwardens, gathered to measure with a stop watch every second of the ten minutes the cortege will stop on Sunday afternoon on its slow way to the cathedral. It won't allow enough time to come into the church of St James the Greater, where Richard is believed to have taken his last communion before the battle, so Julia Hargreaves will hold a prayer service at the gate. Clerk Shelley Howard arrived a little late, having taken a phone call from somebody in Ohio asking if they could come to the previous night's candlelit service. "They wanted to know how much the tickets were," she said, shaking her head in amazement.

A country lane leads from the village street to Ambion Hill, where Richard's troops are believed to have camped on the eve of battle, now the site of the Bosworth Battlefield Heritage Centre where a major open air ceremony will be led by the Tim Stevens, the bishop of Leicester. When tickets went online 10 days ago, the website crashed within minutes: every member of staff came



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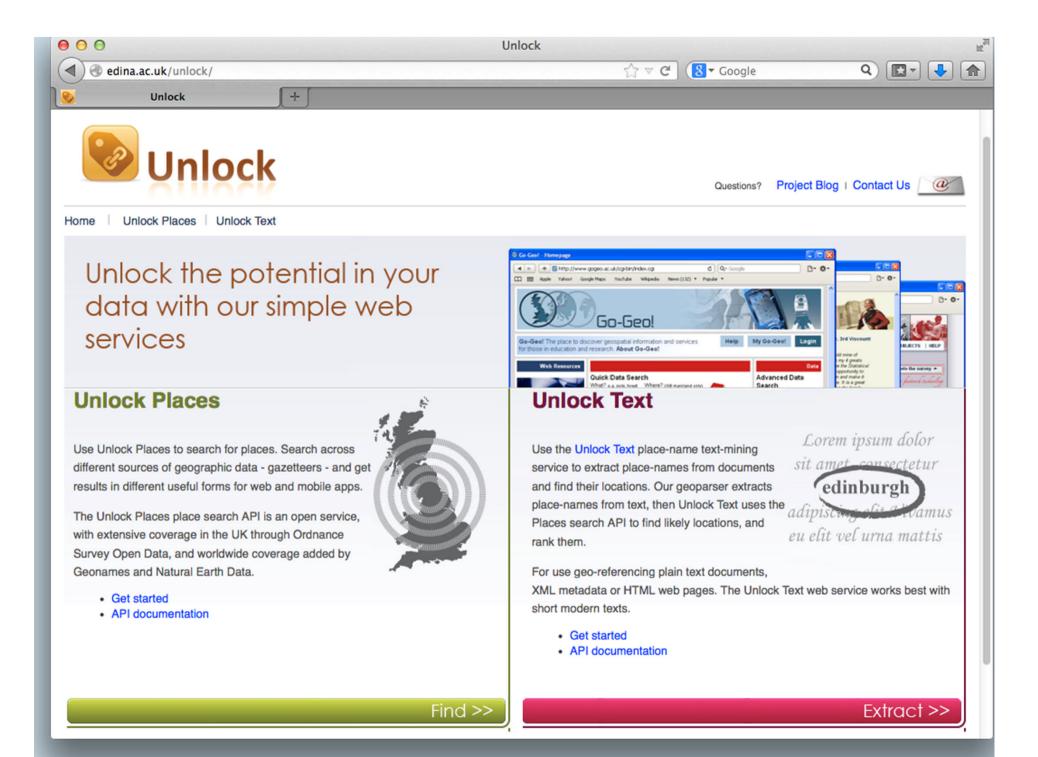
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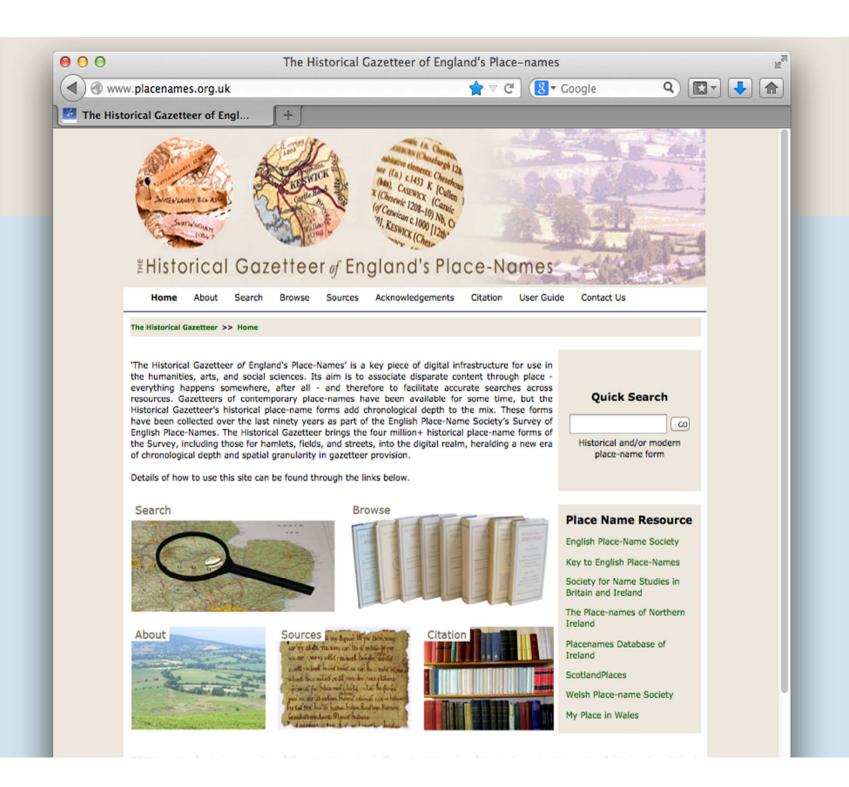
Click on a lat/long to centre the map there.

Leicester	52°41'N 1°13'W	52°38'N 1°8'W	52°38'N 1°8'W	52°38
Dadlington	52°35'N 1°24'W	52°35'N 1°24'W	52°34'N 1°24'W	
Bosworth Field	52°36'N 1°25'W	52°36'N 1°24'W		
Bosworth	52°27'N 1°3'W	52°27'N 1°3'W	52°37'N 1°24'W	52°37
York	53°57'N 1°6'W	53°58'N 1°5'W	42°46'N 75°49'W	53°58
Market Boswort	h 52°37'N 1°24'W	52°38'N 1°24'W	52°39'N 1°25'W	52°37
Sutton Cheney	52°36'N 1°23'W	52°36'N 1°23'W	52°36'N 1°25'W	52°36
Ohio	40°22'N 82°40'W	40°15'N 83°0'W	43°37'N 72°38'W	40°6'1
Ambion Hill	52°36'N 1°24'W			
		•		



Gazetteers

- Knowledge about possible interpretations comes from a gazetteer
 - A gazetteer pairs place names with lat/longs
 - Paris, France: 48.85339, 2.34864
 - Paris, Texas: 33.66094, -95.55551
 - Edinburgh Geoparser is configured to use gazetteers provided through EDINA's Unlock Places service but it can be adapted to use other gazetteers.
- If a place name is not in the gazetteer, it cannot be grounded
- If the correct interpretation of a place name is not in the gazetteer, it cannot be grounded correctly
- Modern gazetteers may not be ideal for historical documents so historical gazetteers can/should be developed:
 - The Historical Gazetteer of England's Place-Names developed in the Digitisation of English Place Names (DEEP) project.
 - Pleiades++ developed in the Google Ancient Places (GAP) project.





which is of Alured*s fee in <u>Meleburn</u> by the service of half a knight, and in <u>Widiate</u> by the service of one knight for all service. For this, the tenent granted and quit

2 John (1200-01).

claimed for himself and his heirs all his right in the land of <u>Tarente</u> to Alured and his heirs for ever, which William de Vilers held. And be it known that if Walter should die before William his son, William shall by this fine be quit respecting his relief, against Alured and his heirs.

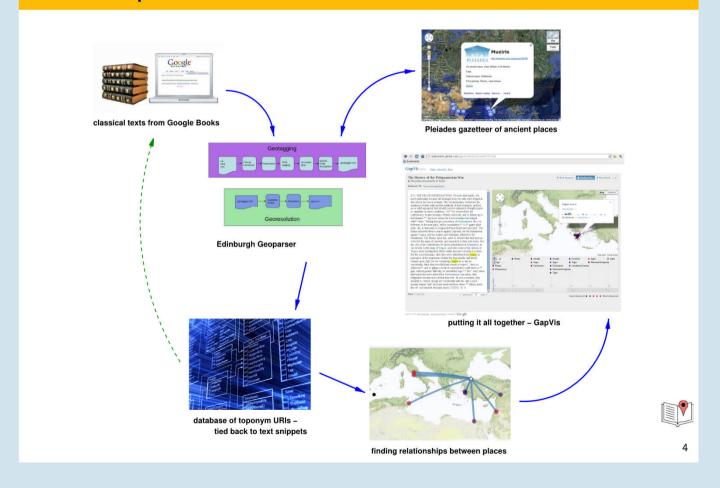
(8, new number 7) At Westminster, in the octave of St. Blasius, between Cristiana daughter of William Clunt, plaintiff, and Ermengard, Prioress of Clerkenwell, tenent, of half a virgate of land in Blaneford. The plaintiff remitted and quit claimed all her right in the same for herself and her heirs to the Prioress and her successors for ever. For this the Prioress gave to the plaintiff four marcs of silver

Bundebi			
Widihoc	50°51'N 2°33'W		
Lolesworhe	50°39'N 2°12'W		
Meleburn	50°51'N 2°35'W	50°47'N 2°17'W	50°47'N
Widiate	50°58'N 1°58'W		
Tarente	50°50'N 2°7'W	50°50'N 2°7'W	50°52'N
Blaneford	50°51'N 2°10'W	50°51'N 2°10'W	50°51'N
Rading			
Burgestok	50°49'N 2°49'W		
Catesclive	50°50'N 2°40'W		
Taunton			
Cerne	50°49'N 2°29'W	50°49'N 2°29'W	50°49'N

Google Ancient Places (GAP)

- The GAP project, funded under the Google Digital Humanities programme, aimed to identify toponym references in works such as Herodotus' *Histories*, Livy's *History of Rome* and Tacitus' *Annals*, and create a mapbased visualisation tool to be used by students and researchers of the ancient world.
- Gazetteer of the ancient rather than the modern world, Pleiades.
 - Expanded to create Pleiades+ by matching, where possible, the ancient places to their modern equivalents in GeoNames.
 - Pleiades++ step to allow GeoNames alternative names lists to mediate choice of candidate from Pleiades+ (Egypt, Aegyptus).

How GapVis Works







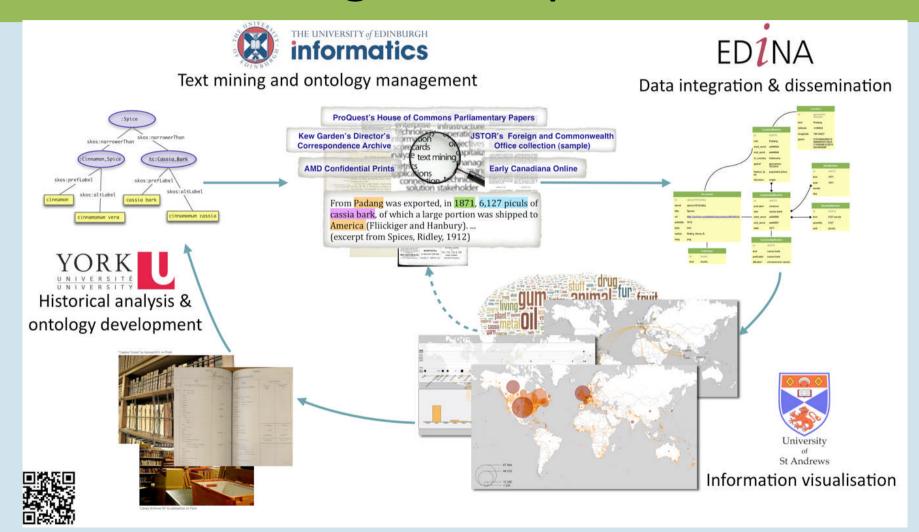








Trading Consequences















Trading Consequences

- What does archival text say about the economic and environmental consequences of global commodity trading during the nineteenth century?
- Goals:
 - Text mining, data extraction and information visualisation to explore big historical datasets.
 - Focus on how commodities were traded across the globe in the 19th century.
 - Help historians to discover novel patterns and explore new research questions.
- Example questions:
 - What were the routes and volumes of international trade in resource commodities 1850-1914?
 - What were the local environmental consequences of this demand for these resources?













Trading Consequences: Data

Collection	# of Documents	# of Images
House of Commons Parliamentary Papers (ProQuest)	118,526	6,448,739
Early Canadiana Online	83,016	3,938,758
Directors' Letters of Correspondence (Kew)	14,340	n/a
Confidential Prints (Adam Matthews)	1,315	140,010
Foreign and Commonwealth Office Collection	1,000	41,611
Asia and the West (Gale)	4,725	948,773 (OCRed: 450,841)













Trading Consequences

From Padang was exported, in 1871, 6,127 piculs of cassia bark, of which a large portion was shipped to America (Fliickiger and Hanbury). ...

- Normalised and grounded entities:
 - commodity: cassia bark [concept: Cinnamomum cassia]
 - date: 1871 (year=1871)
 - location: Padang (lat=-0.94924;long=100.35427;country=ID)
 - location: America (lat=39.76;long=-98.50;country=n/a)
 - quantity + unit: 6,127 piculs













Trading Consequences

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- Extracted entity attributes and relations:
 - origin location: Padang
 - destination location: America
 - commodity–date relation: cassia bark 1871
 - commodity–location relation: cassia bark Padang
 - commodity–location relation: cassia bark America













OCR Issues

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <article id="10.2307/60227644"> < <! CDATACTHE HISTORY OP THE POLITICKS OF GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE. VINDI GATED FROM A LATE ATTACK OF</pre> MR. WILLIAM BELSHAM. BY HERBERT MARSH, B. D. F. R. S. and tellow or st. John's college, Cambridge. Ecntmn: PRINTED FOR JOHN STOCKDALE, PICCADILLY, 1801, t35)lvjf~ Udf4~ P.]]> </page> <page> <![CDATA[T, G1IXET, Printer.]]> </page> never read the Hiftory of the Politicks of Great Britain and France, it will not be improper, before I enter on my Defence, to ftate the principal facts, which were fuccef- fively proved by authentic documents, in the fixteen chapters, of which that wrork is compofed. - r 1. In the celebrated conference at PiUnitz; in August, i;gi, the Britifh Government took not the rnoft diftant part: and if.-any treaty was concluded there, which is itfelf a matter of great doubt, the British Go- vernment not only never acceded to it, but was, never apprifed even of its contents.- Further, when the Britiih Government was requefted in 1701 to join a coalition againft France, it gave a pofitive and unequivocal refufal. B 2 2. Toward]]> </page> <page> <![CDATA[4 2. Toward the clofe of the fame year the valuable colony of St. Domingo was pre- served to</pre> France by the timely affiftance fent by Lord Effingham, then Governor of Jamaica : and the British. Cabinet fignified through its AmbafTador at Paris to the French Government, that it fully approved of Lord Effingham's conduct.. At the fame time, true to the ftri&eir. principles of ho- nour and neutrality, it refufed the advan- tageous offer made by the French colonifts, who were highly diflatisfied with the National AfTembly, to furrender the French part of St. Domingo to the Crown of Bri- tain. And thefe a6ls of generofity were re* paid by France with the utmoft ingrati- tude. 3. When Louis XVI. formally accepted the new conflitution, in September, 17Q1, and fent circular letters to the different Courts of Europe fignifying his affent, the Court of Great Britain was one of the firft which returned an anfwer; and the anfwer was couched in very refpectful terms, where- as fome other courts either did not anfwer at HfWta]]> </page> . . . </article>

Oxford













OCR Issues

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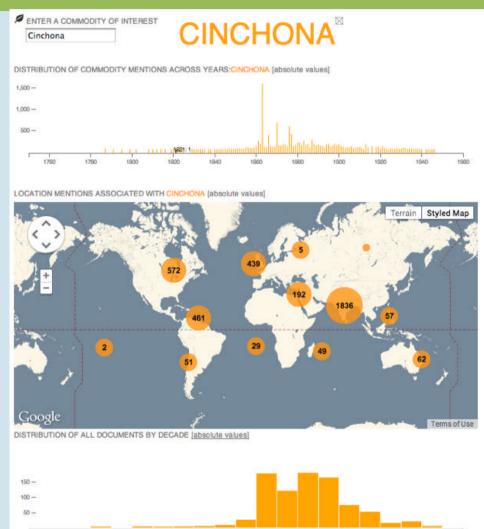








Visualisations



COMMODITIES RELATED TO GINCHIONA

Bark

Barley

Camphor

Cattle Cinnamomum Cassia Coal

Cocoa Bean

Coffee

Cotton Food Grain

Fruit Gold Indiao

Iron

Lard Lead

Lime

Madras (Cloth) Maize

Natural Rubber Nigella Seriva Opium

Petroleum

Pig Potash

Quinine

Publa Tinctorum Salt Saltpeter Seed Silver (Color) Sugar Sulfuric Acid

Tea

Tobacco Vanilla Vegetable

Vegetable

DOCUMENTS INCLUDING CINCHONA [top 100]

1863: East India (Chinchona Plant); Miscellaneous

1863: East India (chinchona plant). Return to an address of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 9 March 1863;--for, "copy of correspondence relating to the introduction of the chinchona plant into India, and to proceedings connected with its cultivation, from March 1852 to March 1863."; House of Commons Parliamentary Papers

1870: East India (chinchona cultivation). Return to an address of the honourable the House of Commons, dated 3 May 1870;--for "copy of all correspondence between the Secretary of State for India and the Governor General, and the governors of Madras and Bombay, relating to the cultivation of chinchona plants, from April 1866 to April 1870."; House of Commons Parliamentary Papers

1876: East India (chinchona cultivation). Return to an address of the honourable the House of Commons, dated 8 July 1875;—for, copies of the chinchona correspondence (in continuation of return of 1870) from August 1870 to July 1875.; House of Commons Parlamentary Papers

■ 1866: East India (chinchona plant). Return to an address of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 14 May 1866;—for, "copy of further correspondence relating to the introduction of the chinchona plant into India, and to proceedings connected with its cultivation, from April 1863 to April 1866."; House of Commons Parliamentary Papers

1877: East India (Chinchona cultivation). Further return to an address of the honourable the House of Commons, dated 8 July 1875;—for, copies of the Chinchona correspondence (in continuation of return of 1870) from August 1870 to July 1875;. House of Commons Parliamentary Papers

■ 1887: Ceylon in the "Jubilee year."; Miscellaneous

1883: Papers relating to Her Majesty's colonial possessions. Reports for 1882. (In continuation of [C.-3642.] of June 1883.); House of Commons Parliamentary Papers

■ 1885: Ceylon \& Her Planting Enterprize: In Tea, Cacao, Cardamoms, Cinchona, Coconut, and Areca Palms ...; Miscellaneous

1921: Trade and navigation. Return (in part) to an order of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 16 February 1921; -for accounts relating to trade and navigation of the United Kingdom, for each month during the year 1921.; House of Commons Parliamentary Papers

1919: East India (Industrial Commission, 1916 18). Minutes of evidence taken before the Indian Industrial Commission, 1916-18. Vol. I.--Delhi, United Provinces, and Bihar and Orissa: House of Commons Parlamentary Papers

1861: Notes on the medicinal Cinchona barks of New Granada by H. Karsten; and on the Cinchona trees of Huanuco (in Peru);

Office Collection



Palimpsest: an Edinburgh Literary Cityscape



Palimpsest

Literature, University of Edinburgh

James Loxley, Professor of Early Modern Literature Miranda Anderson, Research Fellow Tara Thomson, Research Fellow

Informatics, University of Edinburgh

Jon Oberlander, Professor of Epistemics Beatrice Alex, Research Fellow in Text Mining Claire Grover, Senior Research Fellow

SACHI: St Andrews Human Computer Interaction Research

Aaron Quigley, Director of SACHI & Chair of Human Computer Interaction David Harris-Birtill, Research Fellow Uta Hinrichs, Research Fellow

EDINA

Oxford

James Reid, Workgroup Leader, Geoservices Nicola Osborne, Social Media Officer

Approach

- Retrieve literary works which are at least partly set in Edinburgh from all literature accessible to us.
- Devise a method for identifying "loco-specificity" in literature automatically based on input from literary scholars.
- Create a fine-grained location gazetteer for Edinburgh.
- Identify and geo-reference locations (including street names and buildings) using the Edinburgh Geoparser.
- Visualise geolocated snippets on web or mobile device.
- Rank snippets for 'interestingness'.

Datasets

- HathiTrust collection (all worldwide public domain material)
- British Library Nineteenth Century Books collection
- English Project Gutenberg books
- Oxford Text Archive data
- National Library of Scotland data
- Limited set of copyrighted material, with author/publisher agreement (Irvine Welsh, Muriel Spark, Alexander McCall Smith, Doug Johnstone, Ron Butlin, ...)

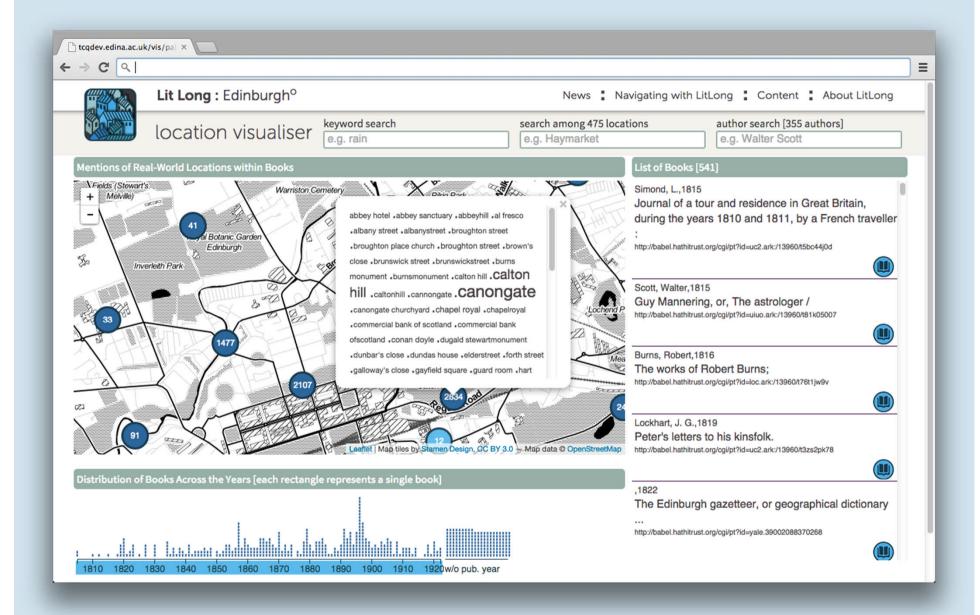
Reassembling the Republic of Letters

Assisted curation of Edinburghcentric books

- Hathi:
 - 239,481 books in initial set.
 - Automatic ranking for relevance reduced set to 6,025.
 - Manual curation selected 337 items.
- British Library Nineteenth Century Books
 - 546 after automatic ranking
 - Manual curation selected 111 items
- Project Gutenberg, Oxford Text Archive and National Library of Scotland provided a further 55 items.
- Plus 42 modern books
- Publication dates from 1742 onwards but the vast majority from 19th century.
- In total 47,376 mentions of 1,360 distinct Edinburgh place names

Edinburgh Gazetteer

- Created a local Edinburgh gazetteer by aggregating records from Open Street Maps, OS Locator and the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland (RCAHMS).
- 13,085 entries, e.g.:
 <place name="Grassmarket" lat="55.946734" long="-3.19771" source="rcahms"/>
 <place name="Grassmarket" lat="55.9474" long="-3.1960" source="osl"/>
- Fairly good coverage but some items missing and a lot of noise from Open Street Maps and RCAHMS.





Thank you!

- Trading Consequences: http://tradingconsequences.blogs.edina.ac.uk/
- Palimpsest: http://palimpsest.blogs.edina.ac.uk/
- The Historical Gazetteer of England's Place-Names: <u>http://www.placenames.org.uk/</u>
- Google Ancient Places https://googleancientplaces.wordpress.com/

Oxford